

#### Clifton Boulevard / Lake Road Enhancements

Public Meeting - Presentation
October 12th, 6:30 PM, Horace Mann Elementary















#### 01 Introduction

PRIORITY PROJECTS
Community Confluence

#### Corridors & Segments:

- Clifton Boulevard & Lake Road
- Riverside Drive
- Detroit Road Bridge (See Urban Design Interventions)

#### Intersections:

- Clifton Boulevard & Lake Road
- Riverside Drive & Graber Drive
- Wooster Road, Hilliard Boulevard, & Rockcliff
- Valley Parkway Trail Crossing (See Urban Design Interventions)
- Hilliard Boulevard & Riverside Drive







### **ODE EXISTING CONDITIONS**







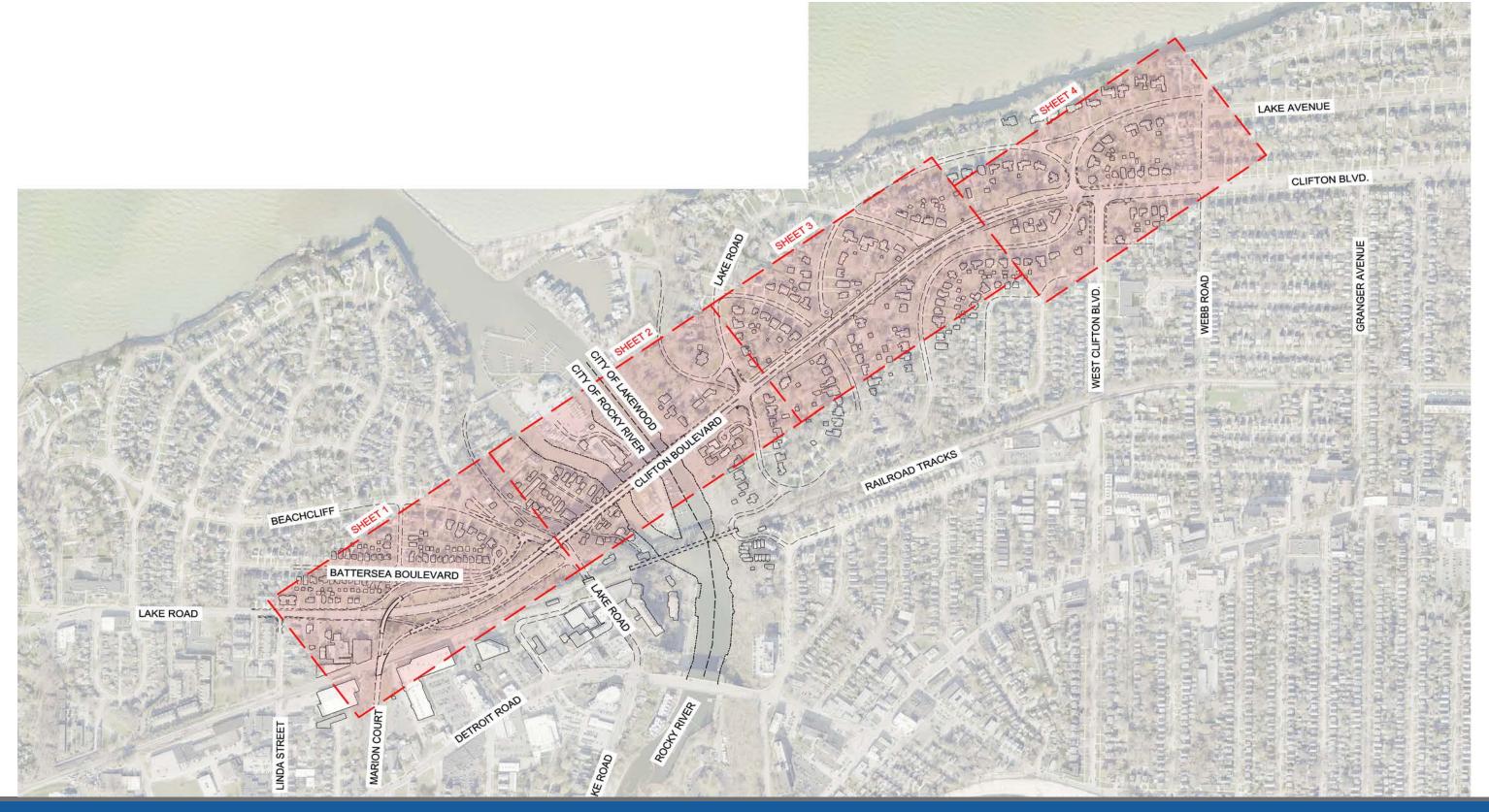


### OI LIVE SURVEY

To participate in the survey, scan this QR Code or go to https://ahaslides.com/CBLVD

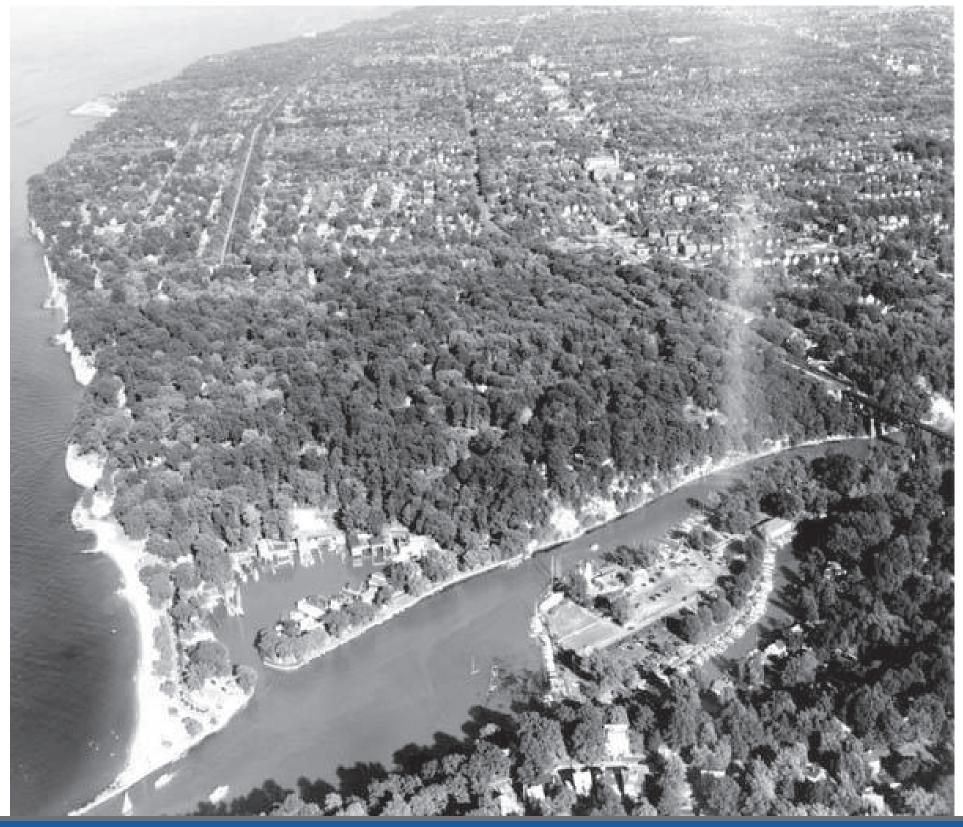


### 01 LOCATION





### **WHAT MAKESTHIS AREA UNIQUE?**



#### **HISTORY**

1866 - A group of developers turn the area of Clifton Park into a summer resort, with beaches, boating, picnic areas, a dance hall, and beer gardens.

1895 - Clifton Park Association turns the resort into a residential neighborhood, hiring landscape architect Ernest W. Bowditch to design the park.

1899 - Businessman John G. Jennings builds his home in Clifton Park, which is the oldest home still standing today.

1903 - Clifton Club opens as a gathering center.

1942 - Original Clifton Club burns down.

1950 - Clifton Club is replaced with a new building that is still there today.

1960 - Clifton Park is divided by the extension of Clifton Boulevard to create a new bridge over Rocky River.

1948 Image courtesy of Michael Schwartz Library at Cleveland State University. Historic timeline gathered from https://clevelandhistorical.org/items/show/374.



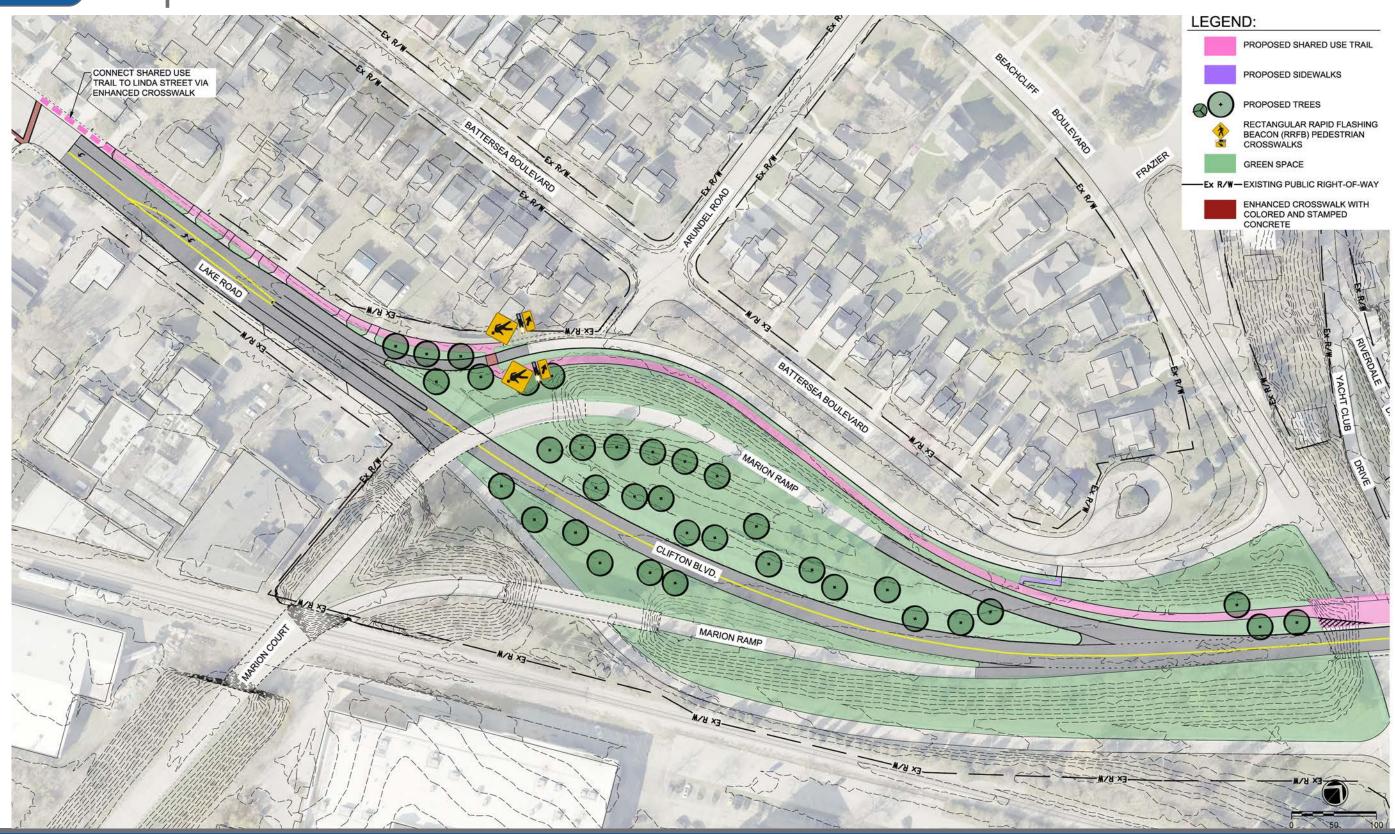


02 Concept #I

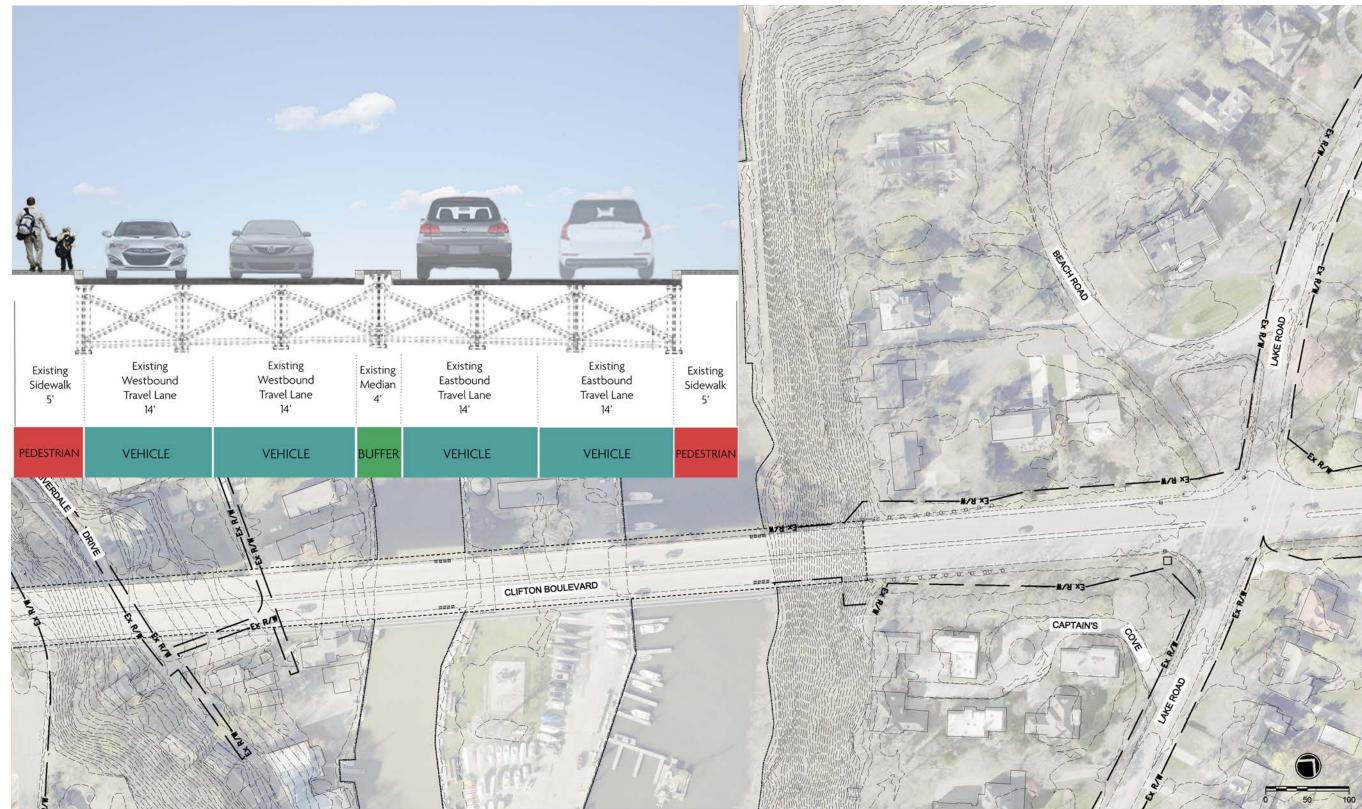
# CONCEPT #1 Existing



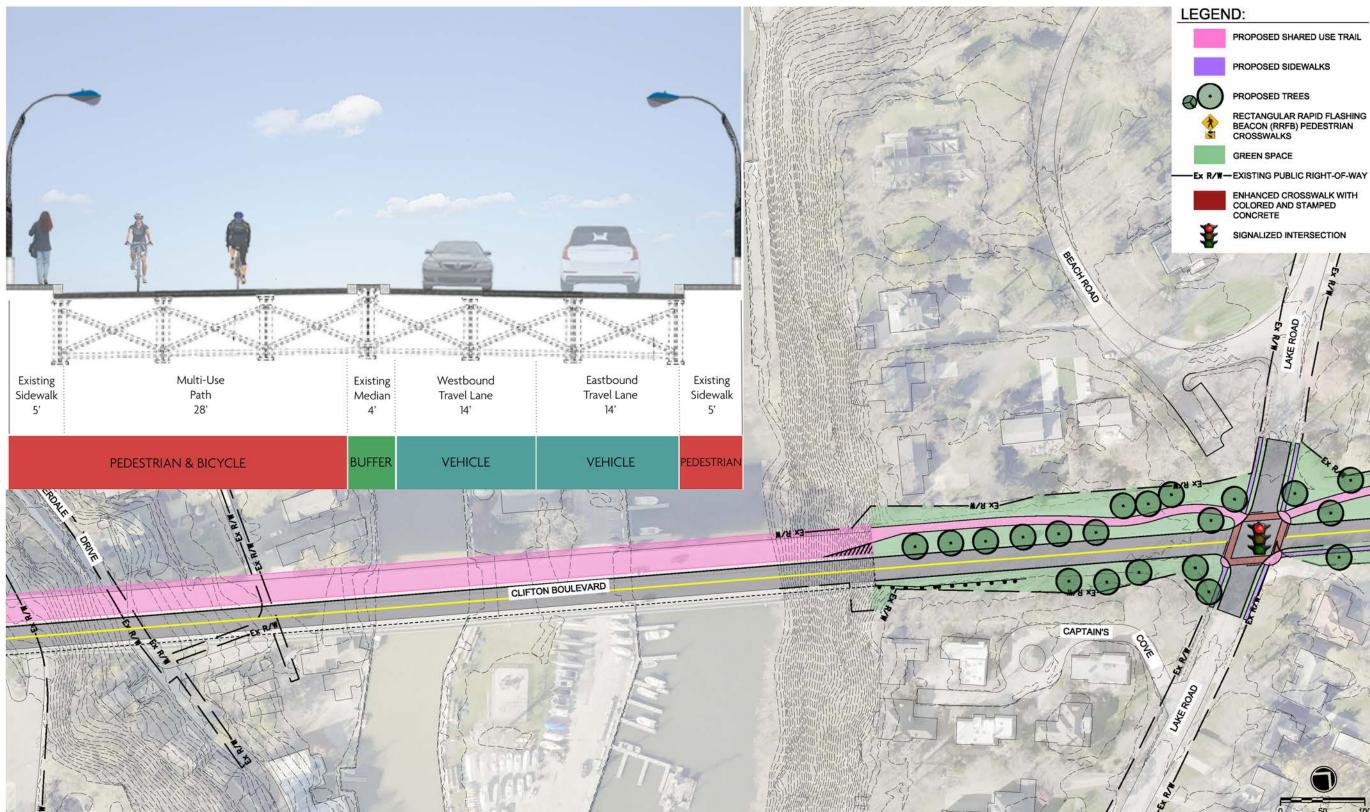
## CONCEPT #1 Proposed



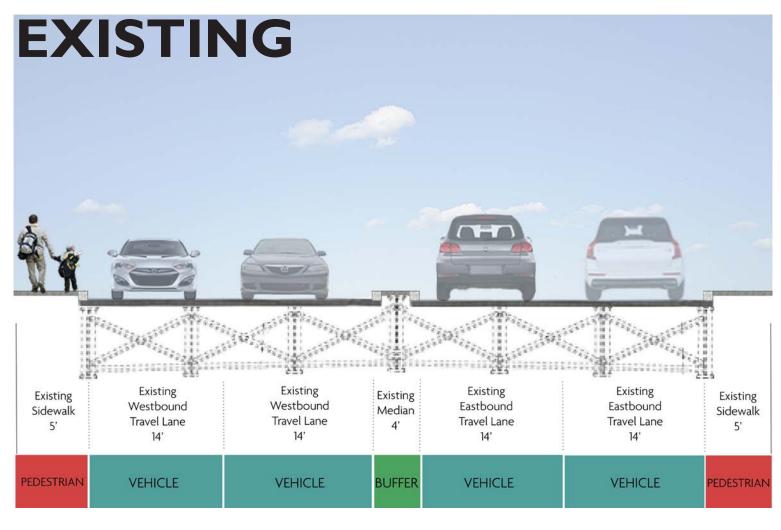
# CONCEPT #1 Existing

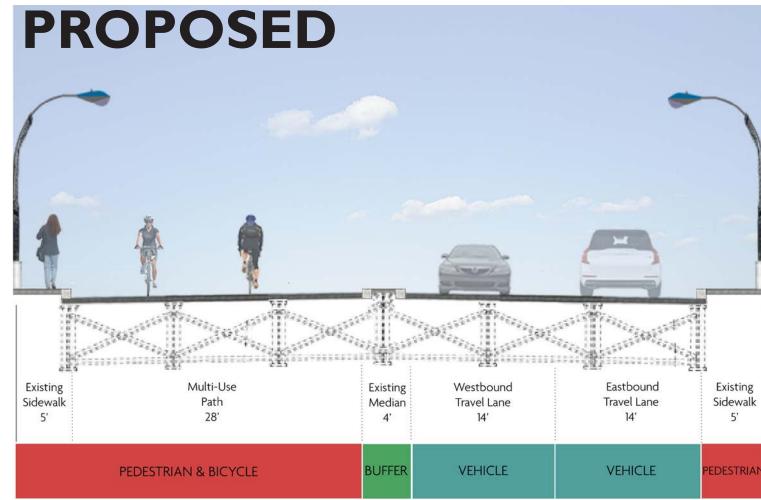


# CONCEPT #1 Proposed



## CONCEPT #1 Proposed (Looking East)





# CONCEPT #1 Bridge



# CONCEPT #1 Bridge



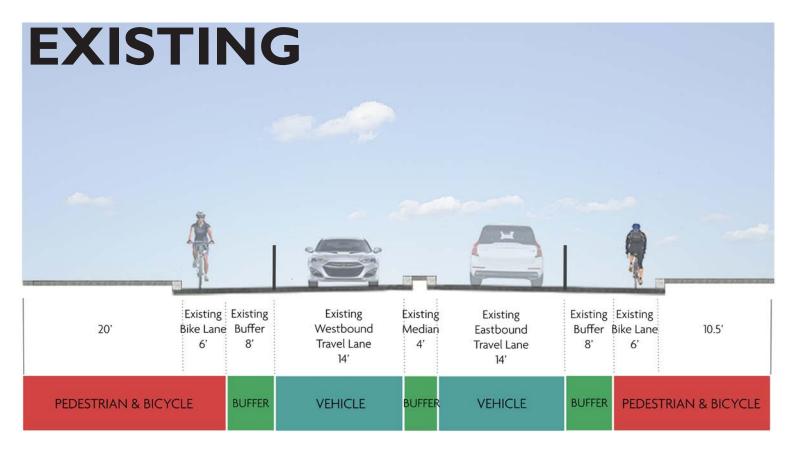
# CONCEPT #1 Existing

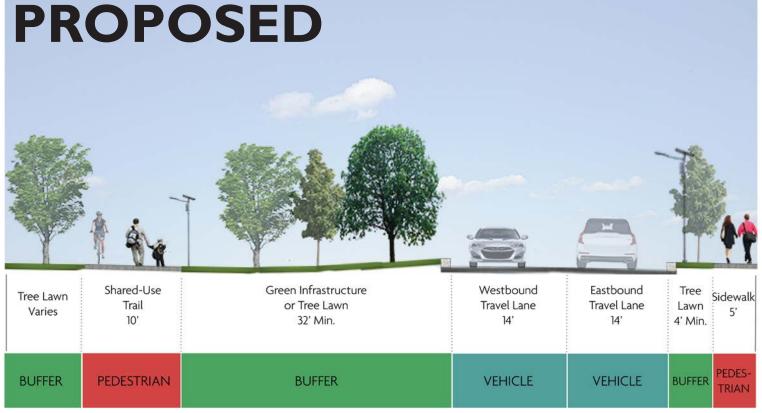


# CONCEPT #1 Proposed



## CONCEPT #1 Proposed (Looking East)





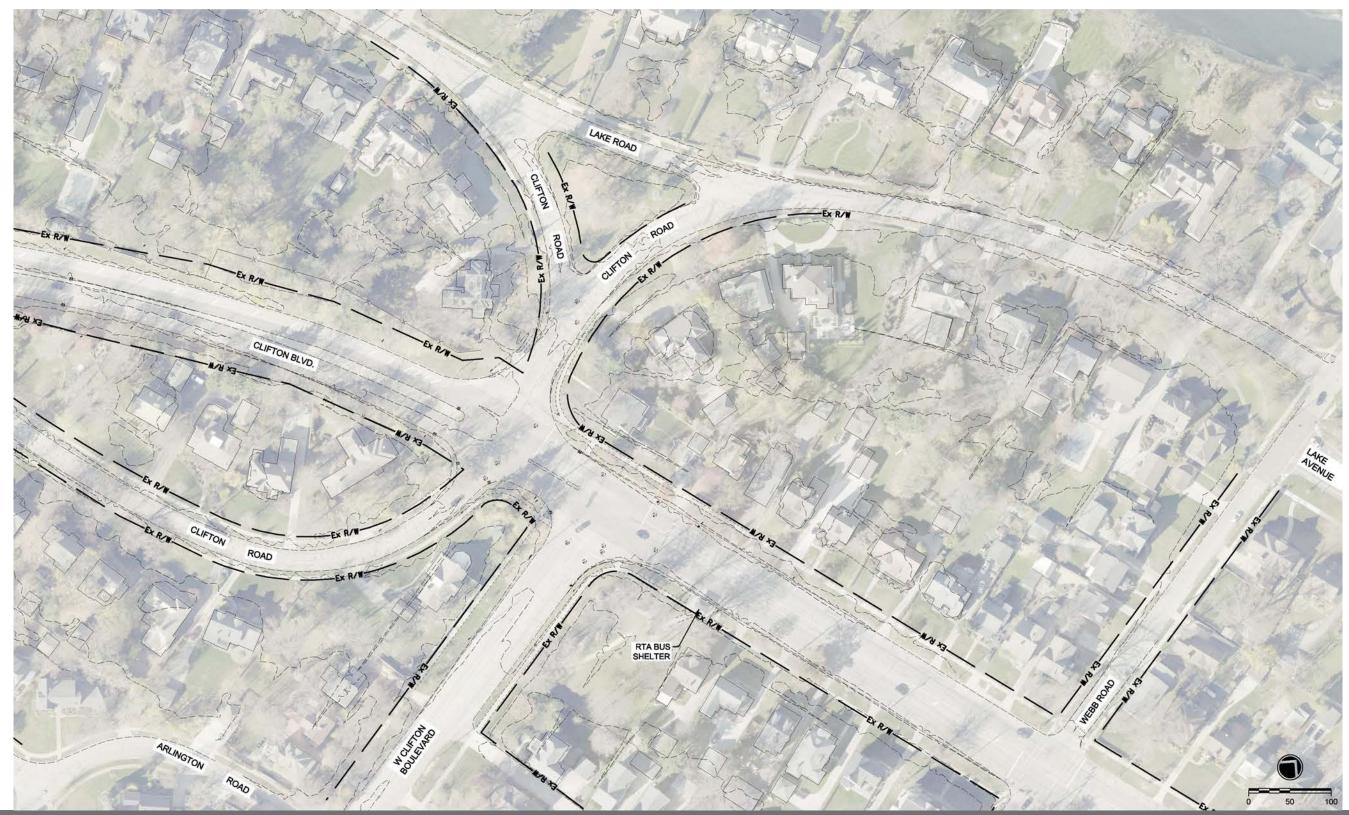
# CONCEPT#1 Mid-Block Crossing (Looking East)



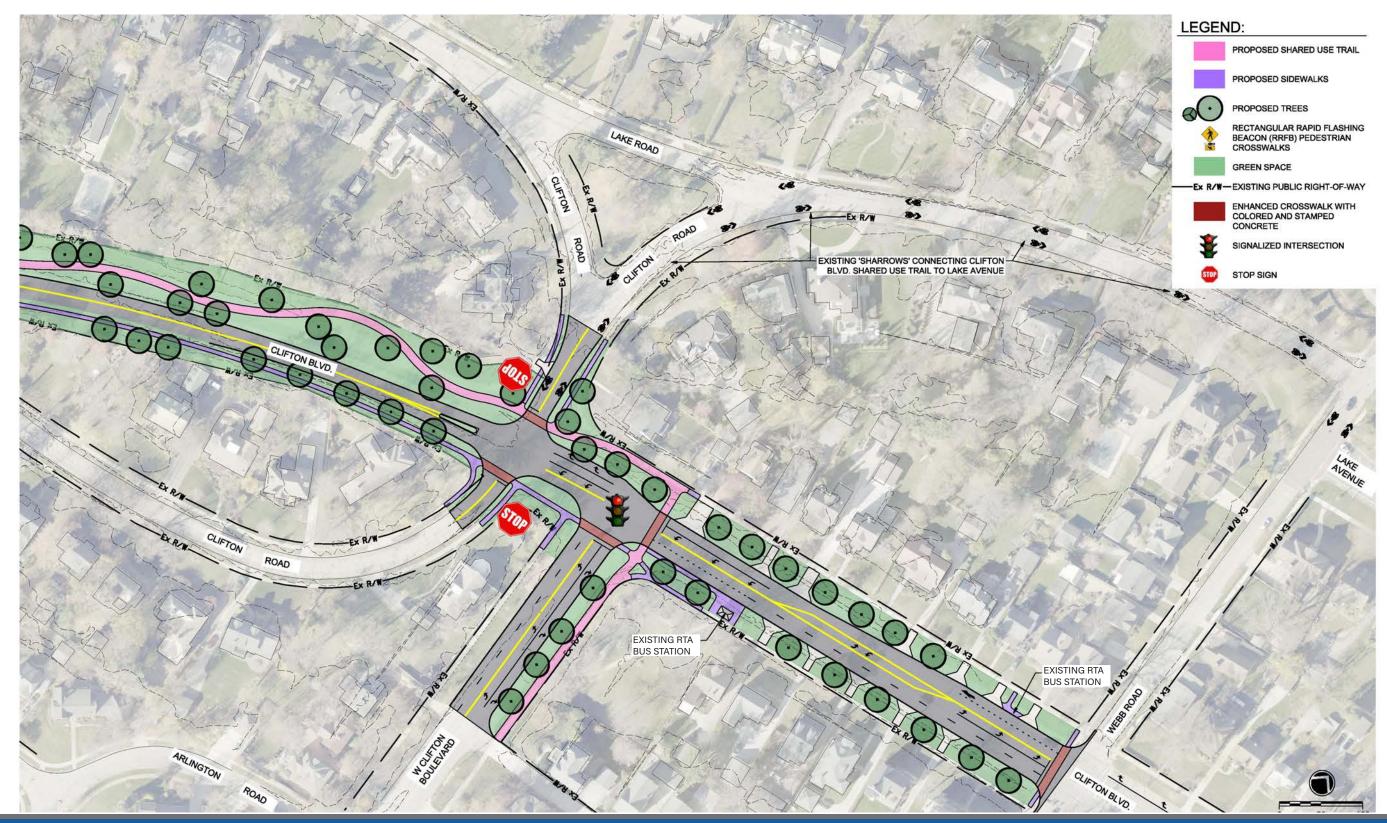
## CONCEPT#1 Mid-Block Crossing (Looking East)



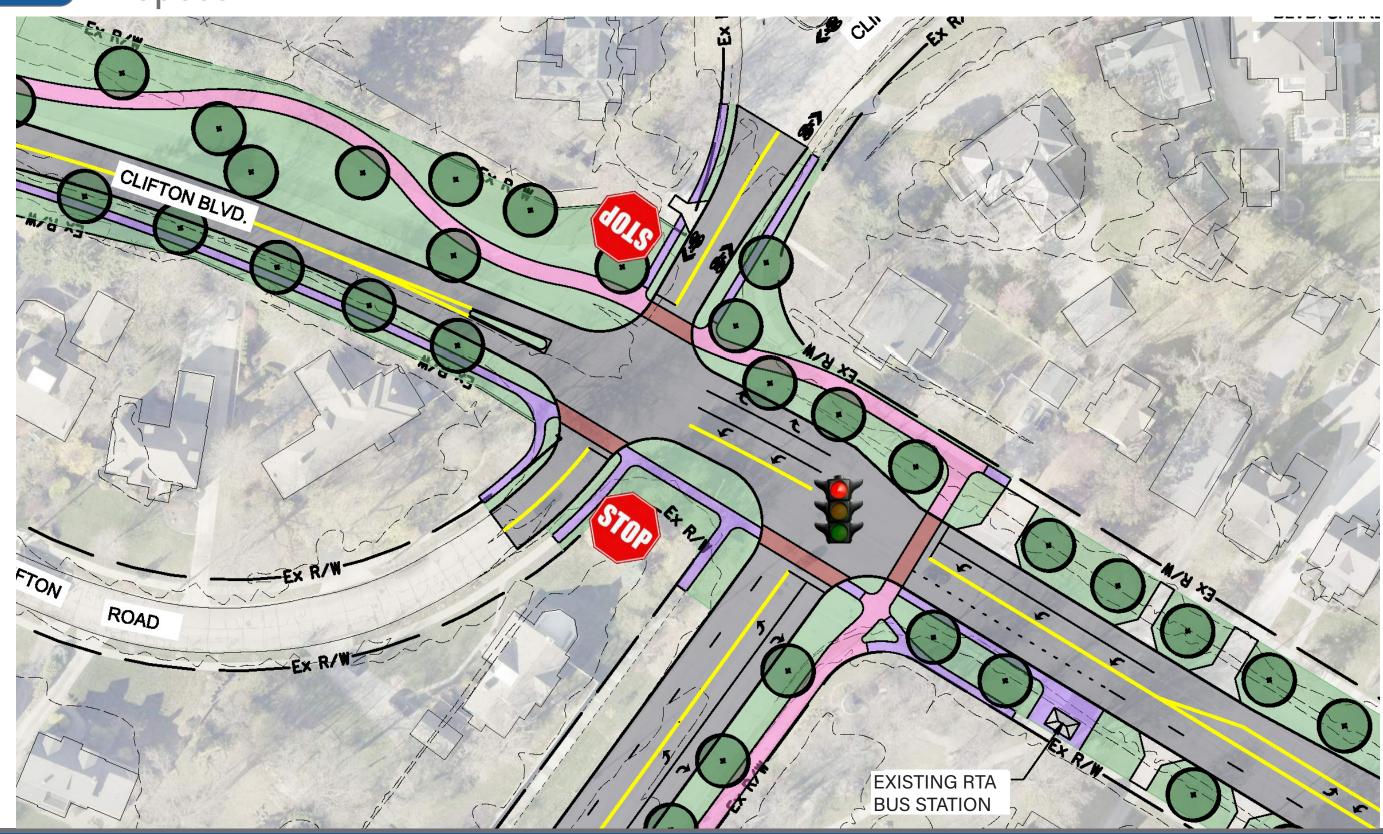
# CONCEPT #1 Existing



# CONCEPT #1 Proposed



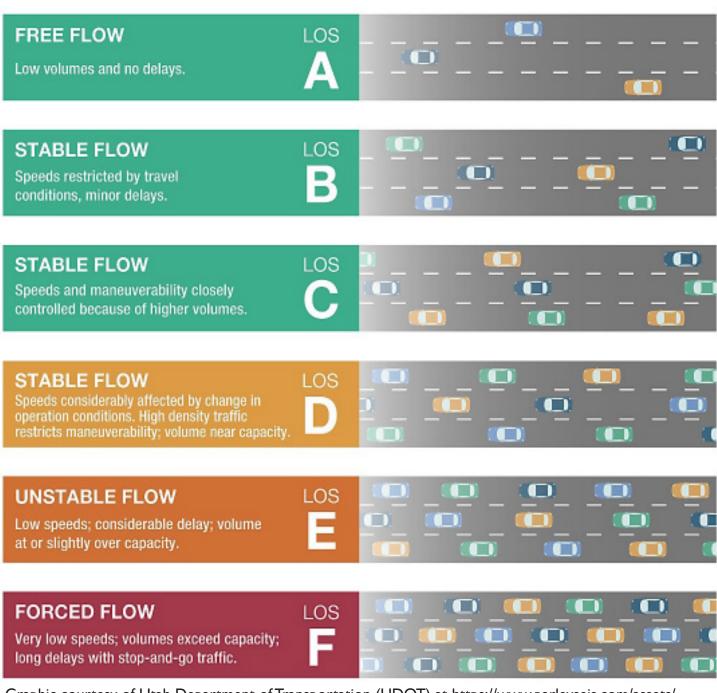
# CONCEPT #1 Proposed



### 02 WHAT IS "LEVEL OF SERVICE?"

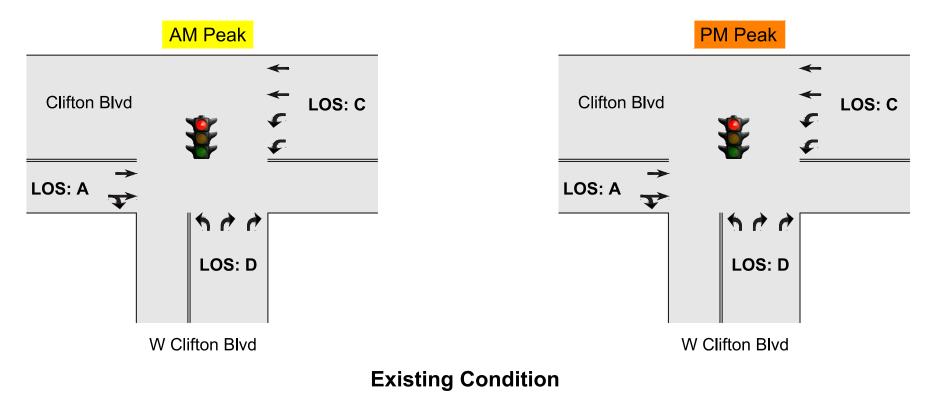
The "LOS" of a roadway or intersection describes how well it operates, based on:

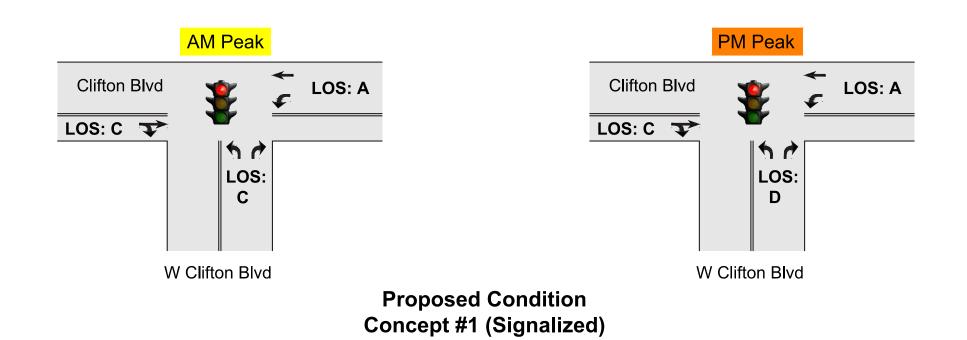
- speed
- travel time
- maneuverability
- delay, and
- safety.



Graphic courtesy of Utah Department of Transportation (UDOT) at https://www.parleyseis.com/assets/ images/Parleys%20LOS%20Levels rev2.png

### CONCEPT #1 Level of Service





### CONCEPT #1 Traffic Model Simulation



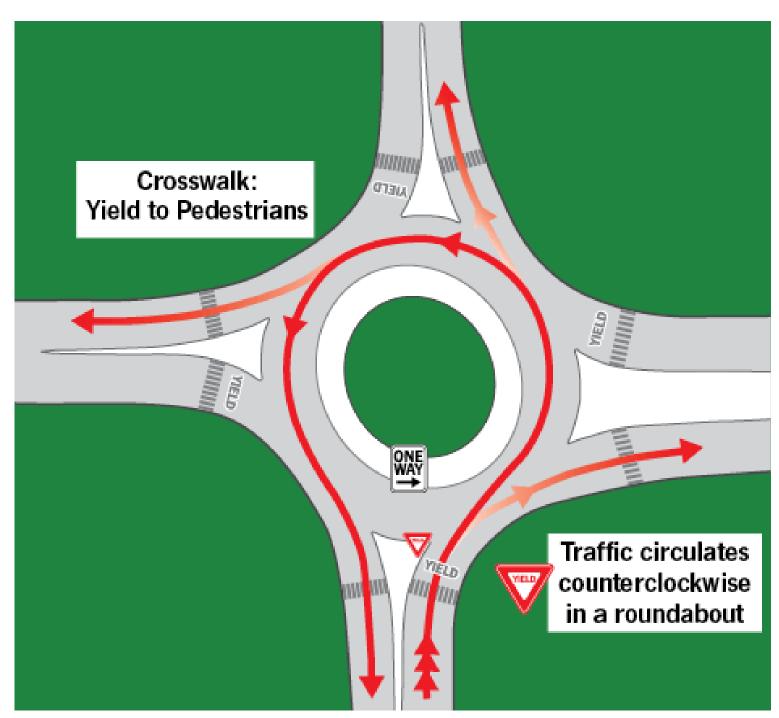




#### 03 Roundabouts 101

#### **13 WHAT IS A ROUNDABOUT?**

- Roundabouts replace complicated intersections with circular traffic movement
- Incoming traffic yields to cars already in roundabout
- Drivers only need watch for traffic on their left side
- If no cars are coming, drivers do not stop when entering roundabout
- Speed significantly decreased in roundabouts; usually 20-30 mph



Yield to all traffic before entering roundabout

Image courtesy of https://www.edrivermanuals.com/michigan/12-roundabouts/

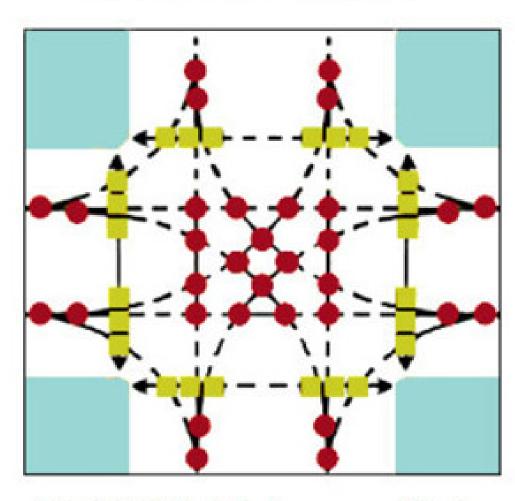


### 03

### ROUNDABOUTS SAFER FOR CARS

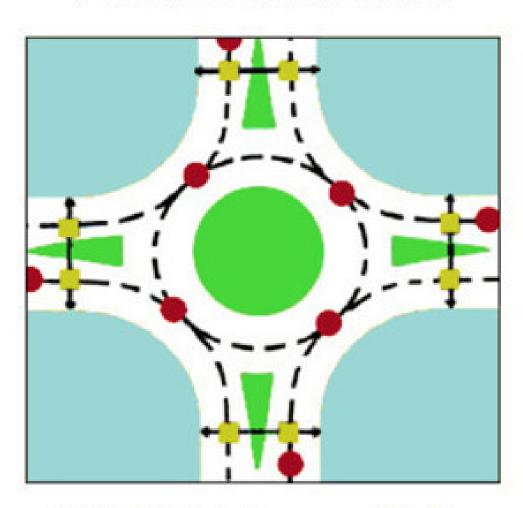
- Cars move in the same direction, reducing head-on collisions
- Cars drive more slowly
- Left turns eliminated
- 44% reduction in all crashes

#### Intersection



32 Vehicle conflicts
 34 Pedestrian conflict

#### Roundabout

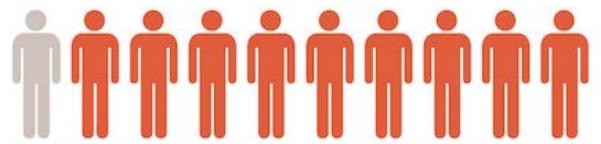


- 8 Vehicle conflicts
- 24 Pedestrian conflicts
  8 Pedestrian conflicts

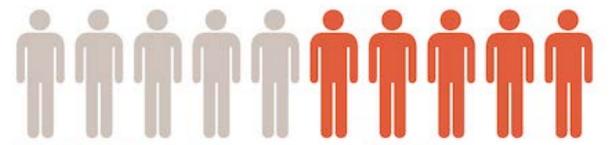
#### ROUNDABOUTS SAFER FOR PED'S

#### More time to react

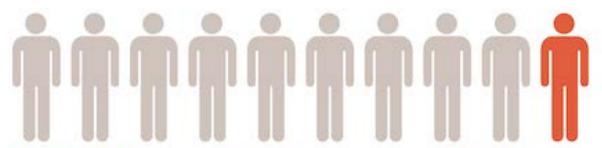
Slower speeds and one-directional traffic flow limit crossing conflicts and give pedestrians and vehicles more time to react to one another.



9 out of 10 people die when hit at 40 mph.



5 out of 10 people die when hit at 30 mph.



9 out of 10 people SURVIVE when hit at 20 mph.

Image courtesy of https://mdt.mt.gov/pubinvolve/poplar/exhibit/

Animation courtesy of https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ClVip0zO\_j8

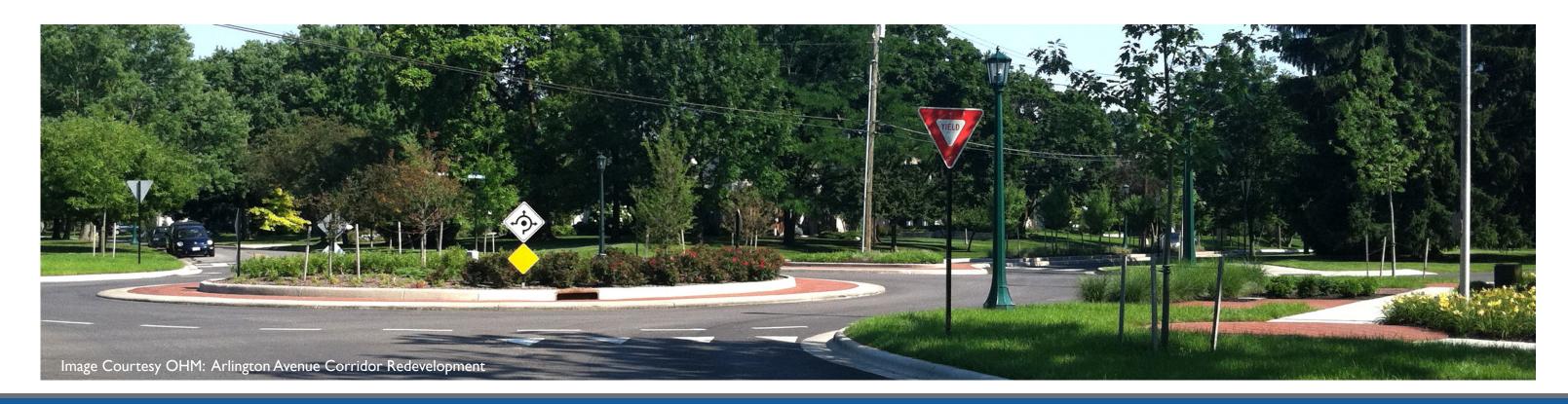


### 03

### FEWER RESOURCES REQUIRED

- Decreased commuting time no traffic lights or stop signs
- Lower car emissions and fuel consumption
  - cars do not idle as long

- Increased pavement life less stopping, less rutting
- Require less long term maintenance





### 03

### ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Larger intersection footprint, R/W acquisition may be necessary
- Driver unfamiliarity with a roundabout on this corridor

- Driveway impacts/realignments
- GCRTA bus station relocation required





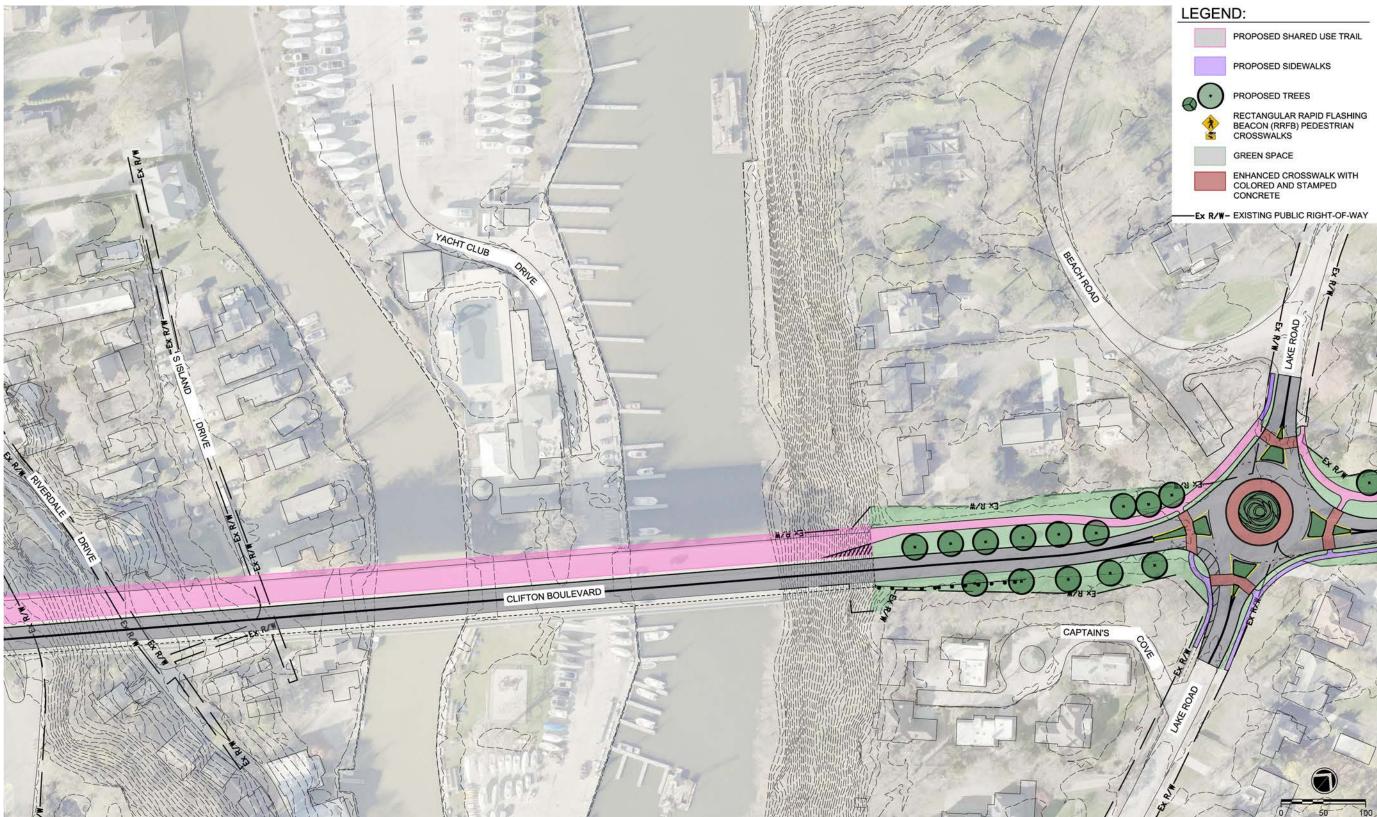


04 Concept #2

# CONCEPT #2 Proposed



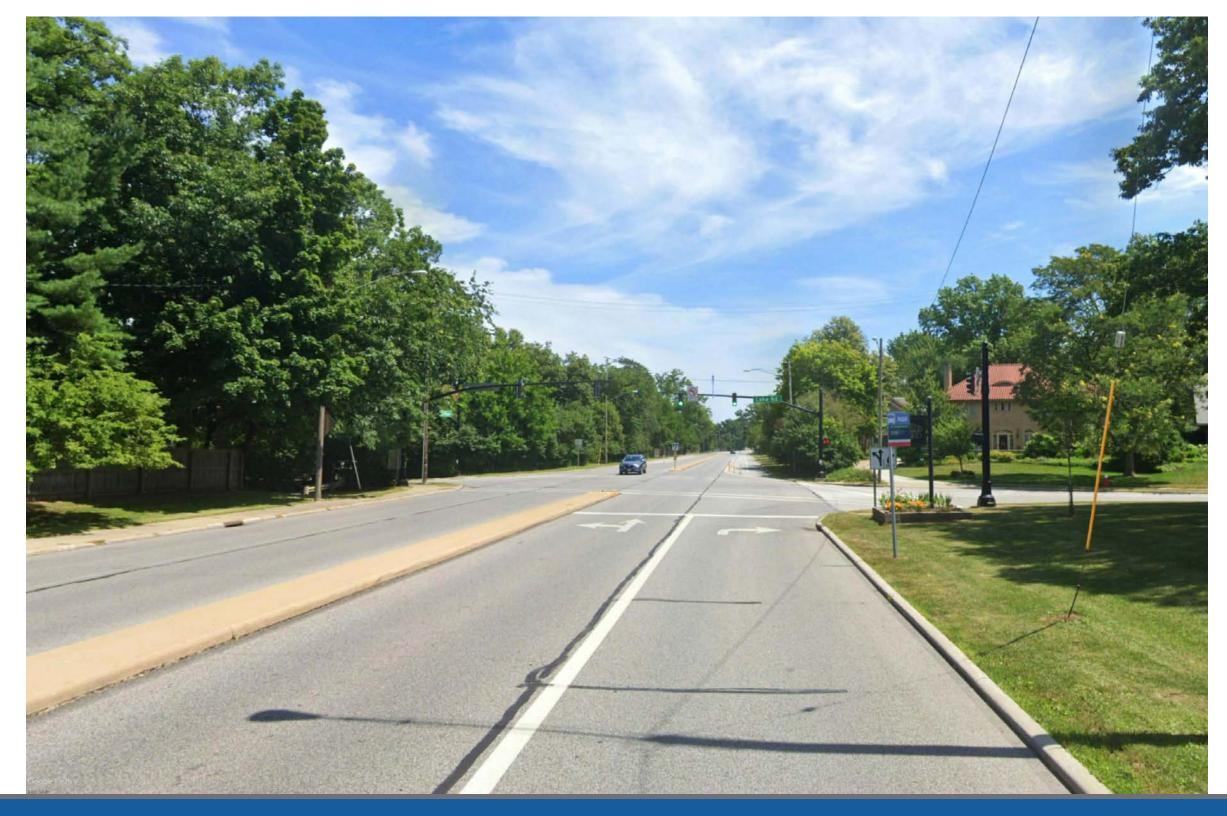
# CONCEPT #2 Proposed









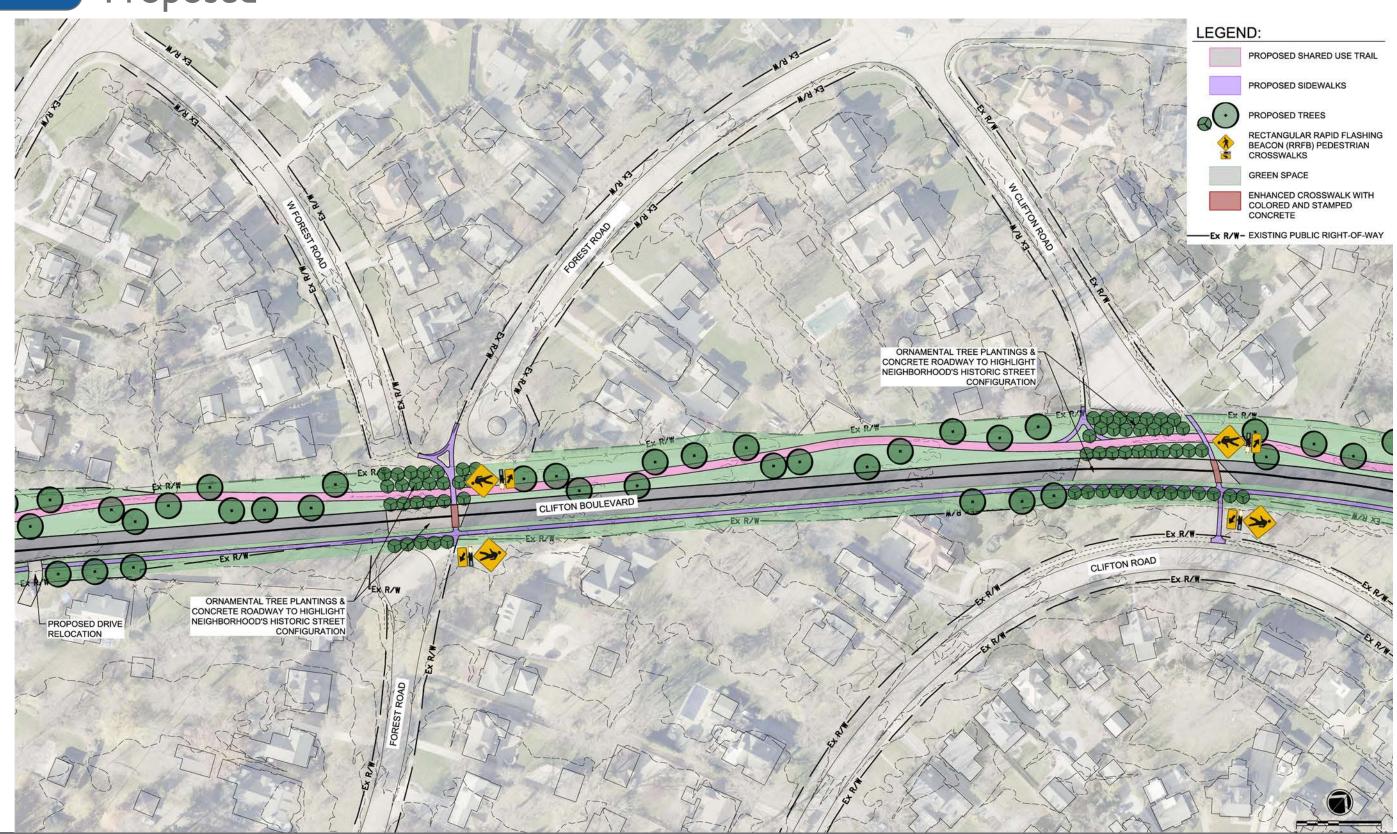








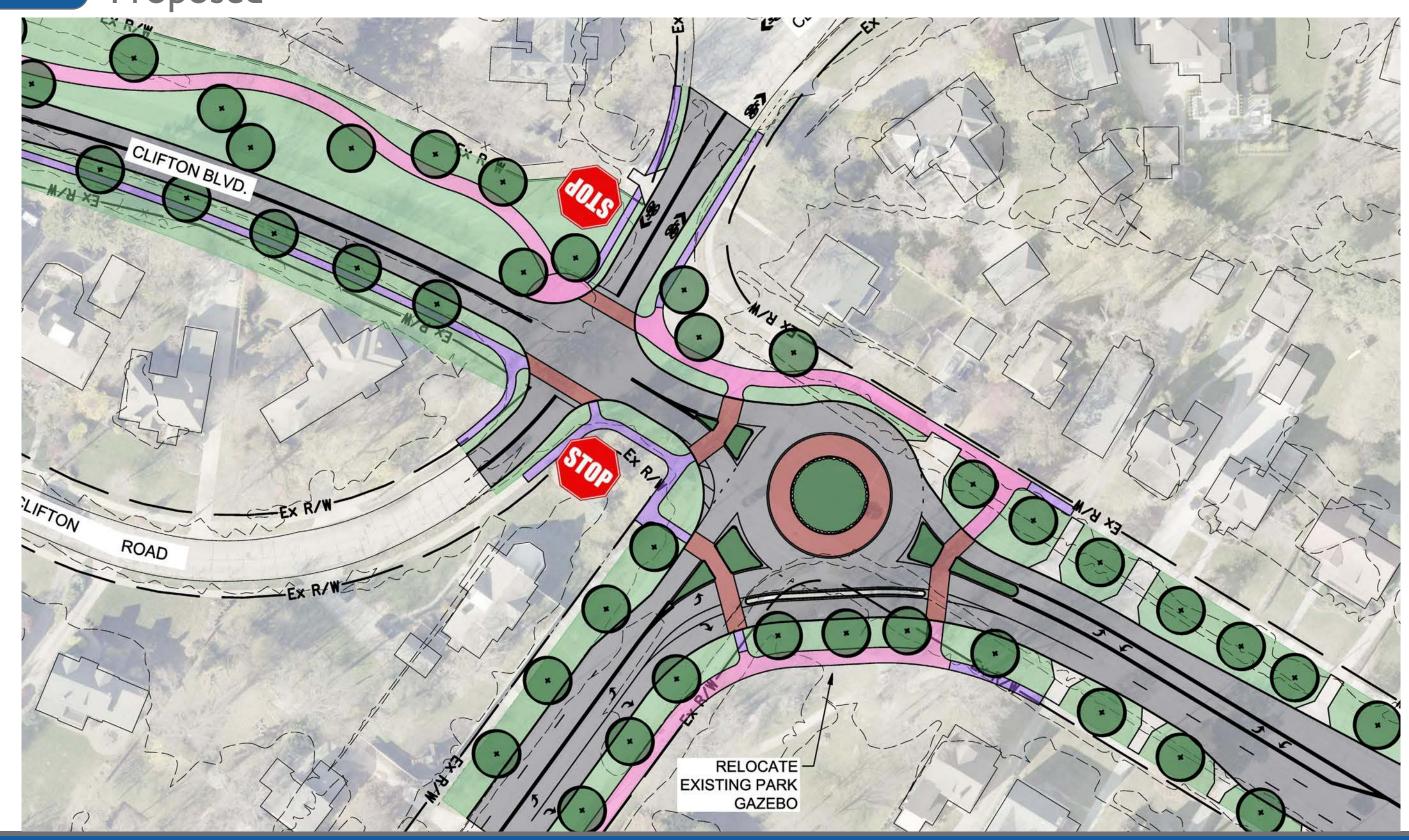
# CONCEPT #2 Proposed

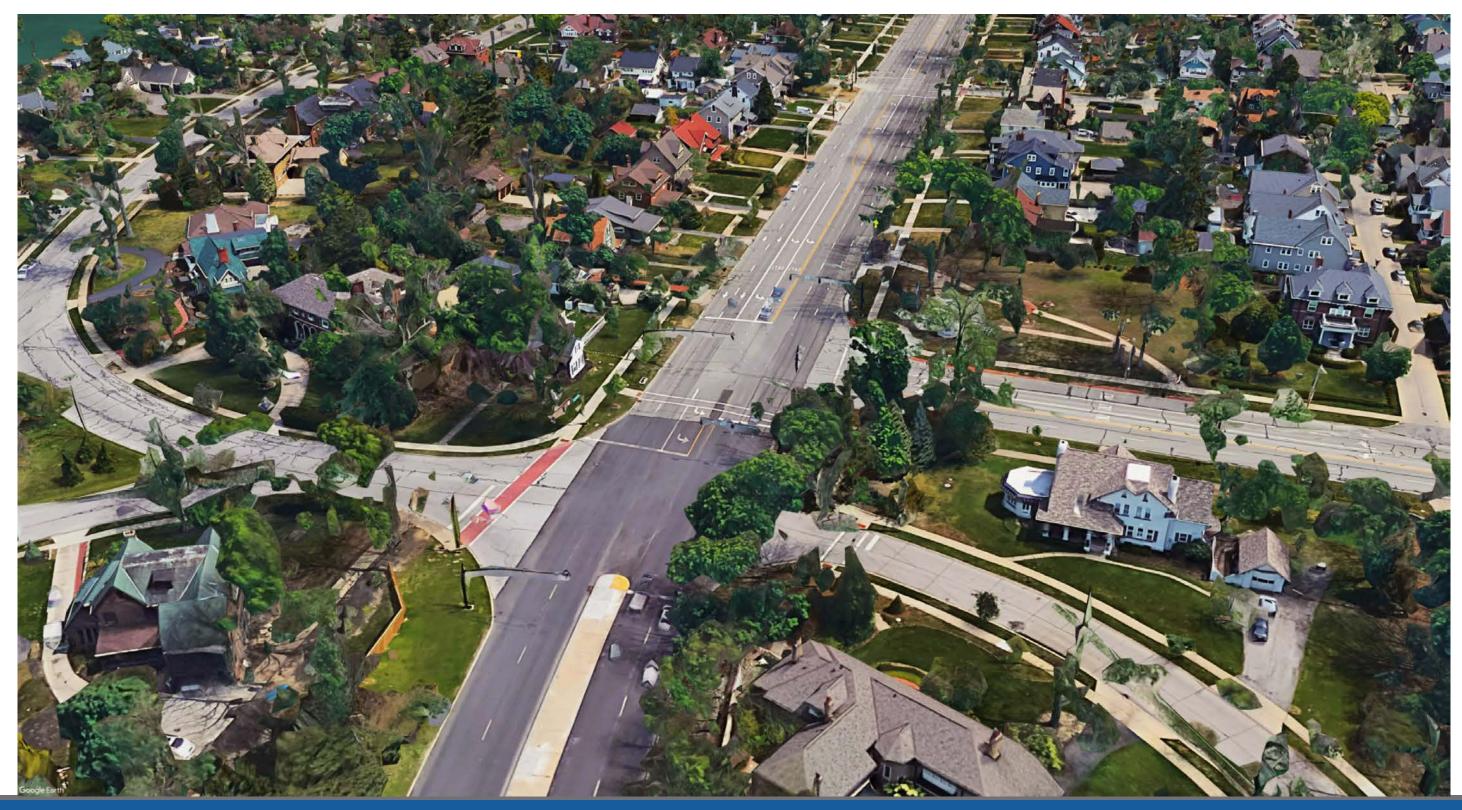


# CONCEPT #2 Proposed

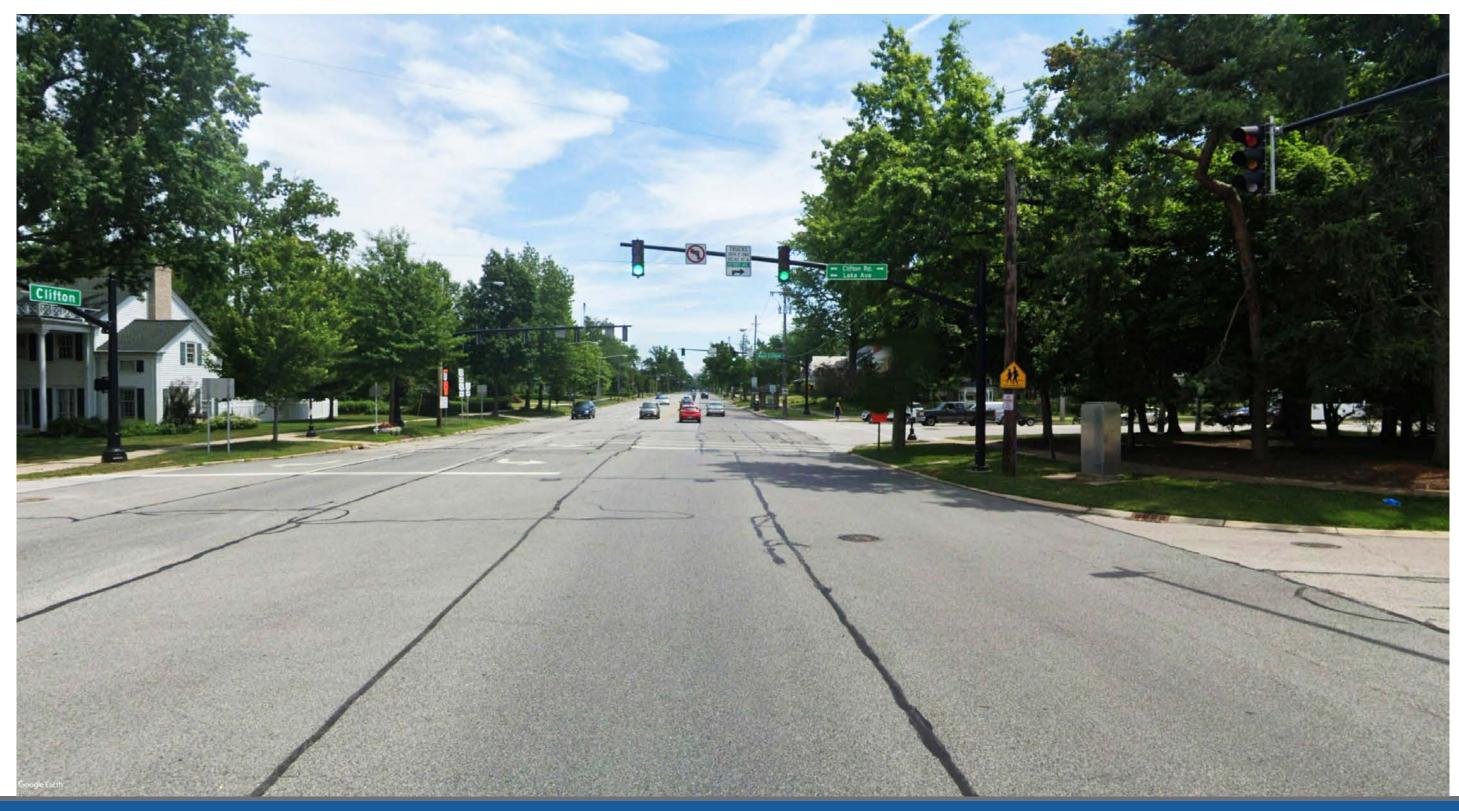


## CONCEPT #2 Proposed



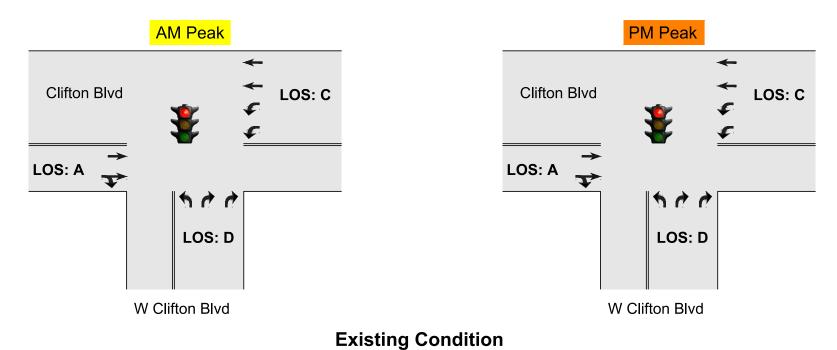


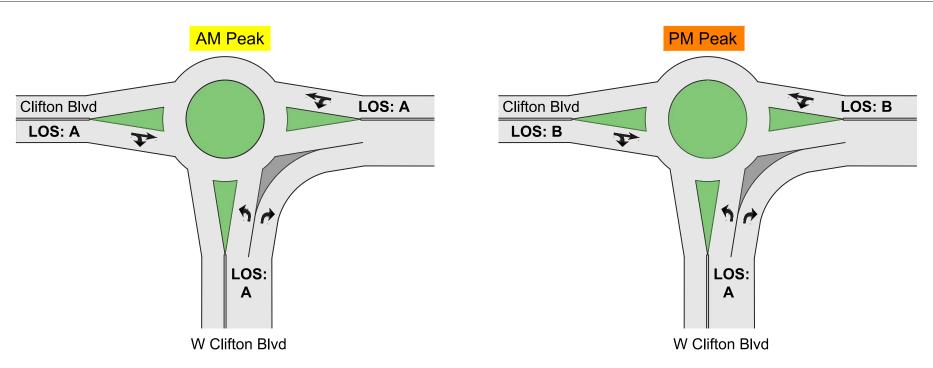






#### CONCEPT #2 Level of Service





Proposed Condition
Concept #2 (Roundabout)

# CONCEPT #2 Traffic Model





#### 05 Next Steps

#### 05 PROJECTED SCHEDULE

Design and Engineering January 2022 - July 2022

**Bidding and Contracting**August 2022 - September 2022

Construction
October 2022 - September 2023





06 What Do You Think?

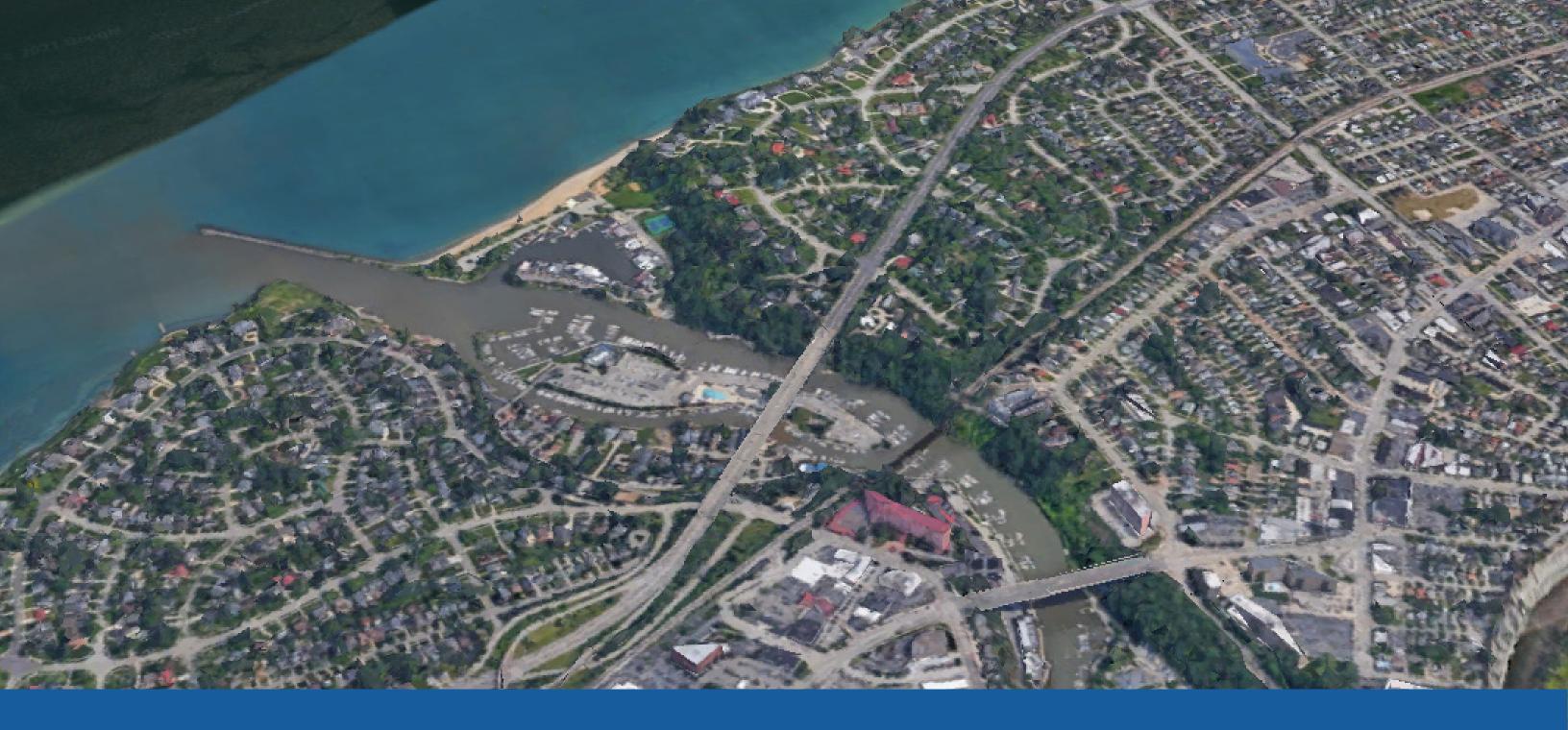
#### 06 LIVE SURVEY

To provide feedback about this plan, scan this QR Code or go to https://ahaslides.com/CBLVD





#### 07 Discussion at Stations



#### Thank you for coming!











